

10.1 Even Answers

2) (a) $\sqrt{3}$ (b) 0

4) (a) $-t$ (b) t^2

6) (a) $\frac{2t-1}{2t+1}$ (b) $\frac{4}{(2t+1)^3}$

8) (a) nowhere since $\csc t \neq 0$
 (b) (1, 0) and (-1, 0)

10) (a) (-2, 4) and (-2, -2)
 (b) (1, 1) and (-5, 1)

12) $\frac{21}{2}$

14) π^2

16) ≈ 4.497

18) $\frac{4\pi(5\sqrt{5}-1)}{9} \approx 14.214$

20) π

10.2 Even Answers (2-26, 30, 32)

2) (a) $\langle 4, -10 \rangle$ (b) $2\sqrt{29}$

4) (a) $\langle 5, -7 \rangle$ (b) $\sqrt{74}$

6) (a) $-2\mathbf{u} = \langle -6, 4 \rangle$ $5\mathbf{v} = \langle -10, 25 \rangle$
 $-2\mathbf{u} + 5\mathbf{v} = \langle -16, 29 \rangle$
 (b) $\sqrt{1097}$

8) (a) $-\frac{5}{13}\mathbf{u} = \left\langle -\frac{15}{13}, \frac{10}{13} \right\rangle$ $\frac{12}{13}\mathbf{v} = \left\langle -\frac{24}{13}, \frac{60}{13} \right\rangle$

$-\frac{5}{13}\mathbf{u} + \frac{12}{13}\mathbf{v} = \left\langle -3, \frac{70}{13} \right\rangle$

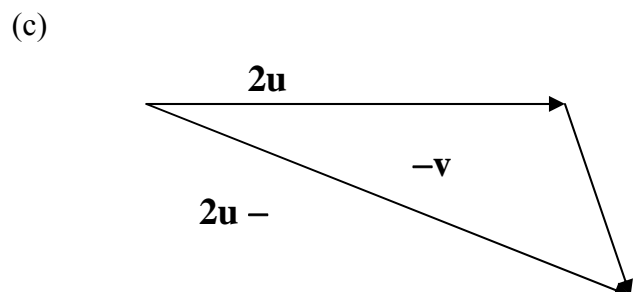
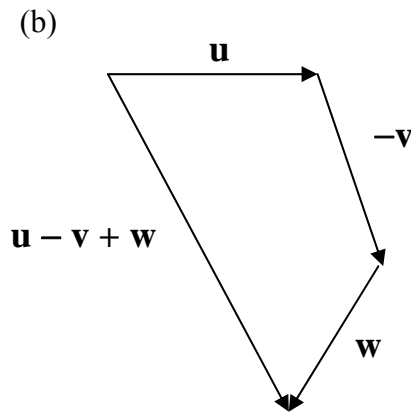
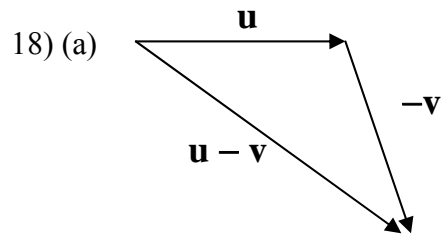
(b) $\frac{\sqrt{6421}}{13}$

10) $\langle -1, 1 \rangle$

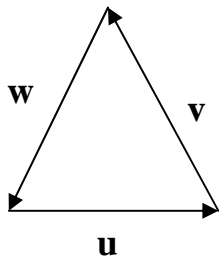
12) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{AB}} = \langle 1, 1 \rangle$ $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{CD}} = \langle -1, -1 \rangle$ $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{AB}} + \overrightarrow{\mathbf{CD}} = \langle 0, 0 \rangle$

14) $\left\langle \cos\left(\frac{-3\pi}{4}\right), \sin\left(\frac{-3\pi}{4}\right) \right\rangle = \left\langle -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right\rangle$

16) $\langle \cos 135^\circ, \sin 135^\circ \rangle = \left\langle -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right\rangle$



(d)



20) $\left\langle \frac{4}{5}, -\frac{3}{5} \right\rangle$

22) $\left\langle -\frac{5}{\sqrt{29}}, -\frac{2}{\sqrt{29}} \right\rangle$

24) Tangent: $\pm \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \right\rangle$

Normal: $\pm \left\langle \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \right\rangle$

26) Tangent: $\pm \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right\rangle$

Normal: $\pm \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right\rangle$

28) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{AC}} = \langle 2, 4 \rangle$ $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{BD}} = \langle 4, -2 \rangle$

Find $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{AC}} \cdot \overrightarrow{\mathbf{BD}}$ to find the angle

30) (Proof) 32) (Proof)