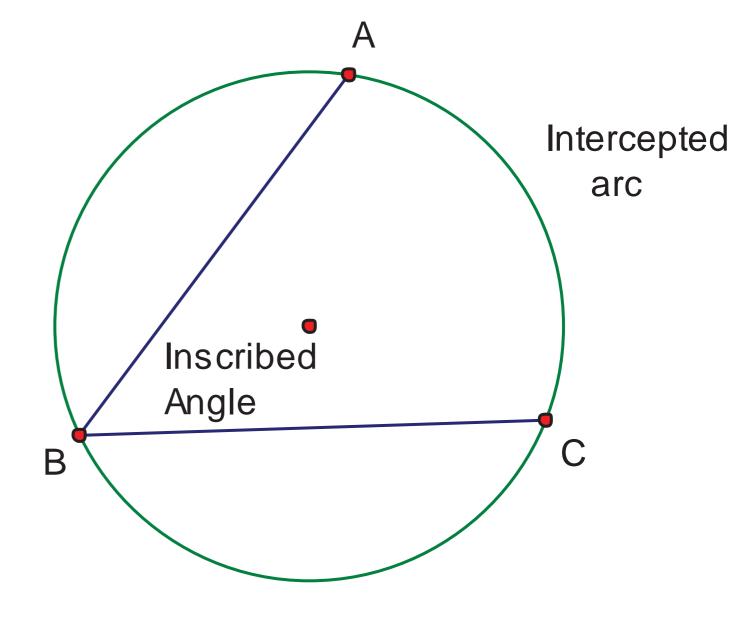
Unit 12-4 Inscribed Angles

Standard 12g: Find the measure of an inscribed angle.

Standard 12h: Use inscribed angles and their properties to solve problems.

Inscribed Angle Theorem:

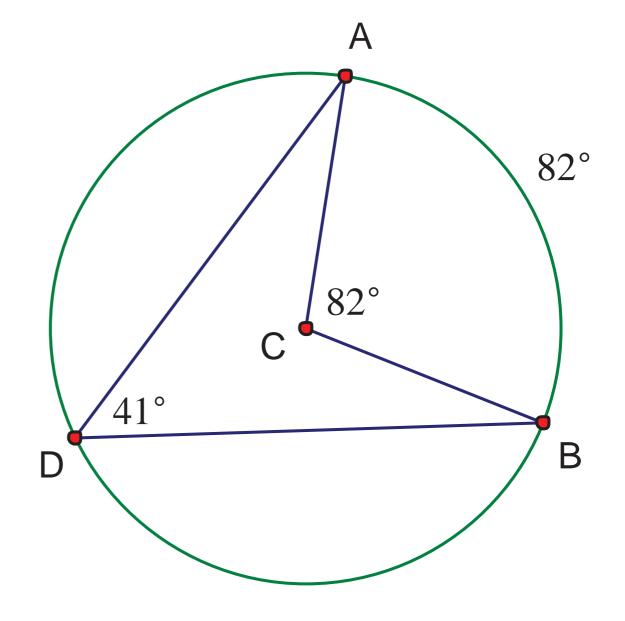
If an angle is inscribed in a circle, then its measure is half the measure of its intercepted arc.



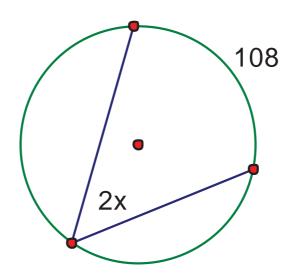
Inscribed Angle Theorem: If an angle is inscribed in a circle, then its measure is half the measure of its intercepted arc.

Remember that the measure of the arc and the central angle are equal

So if $m \angle ADB = 41^{\circ}$ then $\widehat{mAB} = 82^{\circ}$



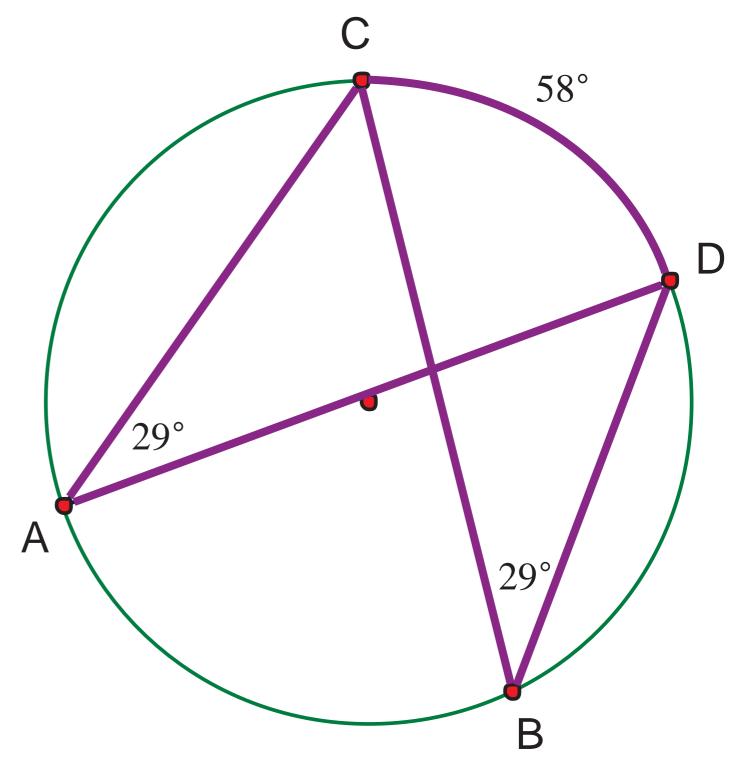
EX 1) Find the value of *x*.



If two inscribed angles in a circle intercept the same arc, then the angles are congruent.

 $\angle A \cong \angle B$ because both inscribed angles intercept *CD*.

 $\angle C \cong \angle D$ because both inscribed angles intercept AB.



If two inscribed angles in a circle intercept the same arc, then the angles are congruent.

