Proof Presentations

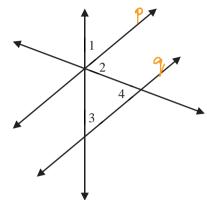
Each group of students will be assigned to do one or two of these proofs. The group must have:

- a) a recorder who will fill out the proof on behalf of the group (everyone must still have their own completed sheet at the end of this activity)
- b) a chalkboard scribe who will go to the board to write the proof for the class to see
- c) an orator who will go to the board with the scribe and explain the logic of each step
- 1) Given $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$, prove $\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$

$$21 \cong 23$$
 Given

Pl19 Converse of Corresponding Angles Postulate

 $22 \cong 24$ Alternate Interior Theorem



2) Given $\angle 1$ is supplementary to $\angle 7$, prove $\angle 4 \cong \angle 5$

pllq

L4 = L5

Given

Definition of supplementary angles

Linear Pair thm

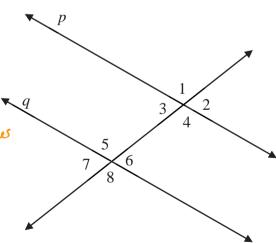
Transitive Property of Eq.

Subtraction

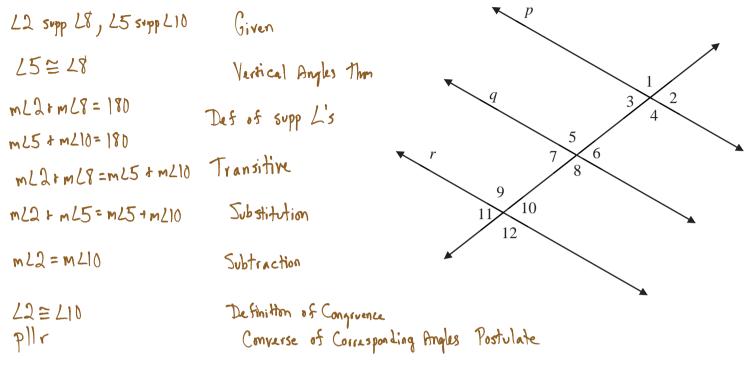
Def of L congruence

Converse of corresponding Ls

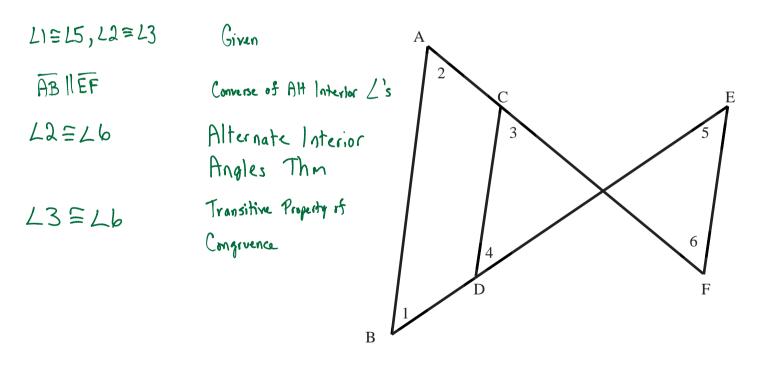
Alternate Interior theorem



3) Given $\angle 2$ is supplementary to $\angle 8$ and $\angle 5$ is supplementary to $\angle 10$, prove $p \parallel r$



4) Given $\angle 1 \cong \angle 5$ and $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$, prove $\angle 3 \cong \angle 6$



5) Given $\angle 1$ is supplementary to $\angle 4$ and $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$, prove $\angle 4 \cong \angle 5$

Given

Def of Supp. L's

Linear Pair Thm

Transitive Property

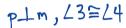
Subtraction

Det of Conquest L's

14=15

Transitive Prop

6) Given $p \perp m$ and $\angle 3 \cong \angle 4$, prove $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$



Given

Det of I lines

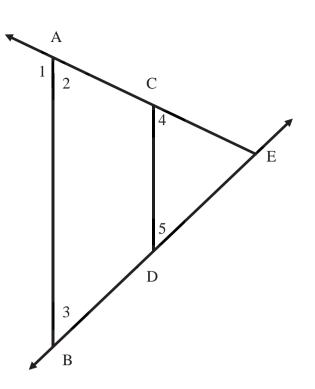
Substitution

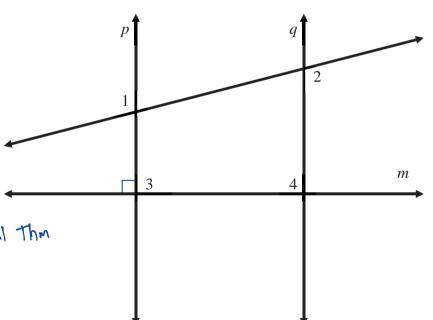
Def of I lines



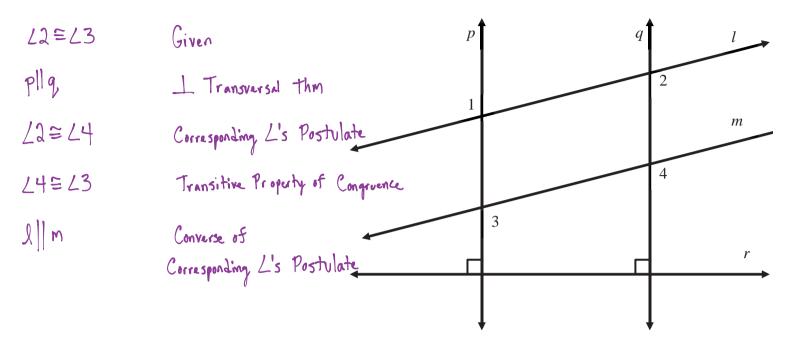
Perpendicular Transversal Thm

Alt Exterior L's Thm





7) Given $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$, prove $l \parallel m$



8) Given $\angle 3$ is supplementary to $\angle 4$ and $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$, Prove $\angle 4 \cong \angle 5$

